

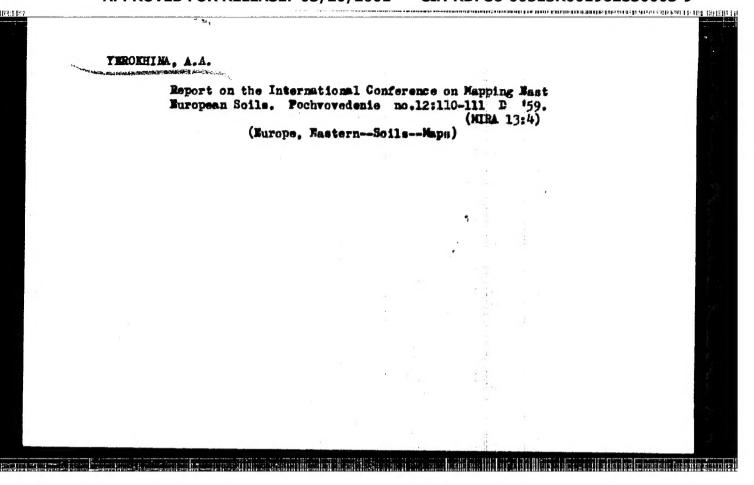
DOSKACH, A.G.; IVANOVA, Ye.M.; YEROKHIMA, A.A.

Problems of differentiating minor and medium topographic features? Pochvovedenie no.12:59-68 D \*59.

(MIMA 13:4)

1. Pochvennyy institut im. V.V.Dokuchayeva Akademii mank SSSR, i Institut geografii Akademii mank SSSR.

(Topography)



FEDOROVICH, B.A., prof., doktor geograf.nauk, otw.red.; ZYKOV, D.A., akademik, agronom-rasteniyevod, red.; IVANOVA, Ke.M., prof., doktor sel'skokhos.nauk, red.; KALIMIMA, A.V., kand.biolog.nauk, red.; LAVREMKO, Ye.M., zed.; EURHEV, S.L., kand.geogra.nauk, red., Prinimali uchastiye: YEROKHIMA, A.A., pochvoved; IVANOVA, Ye.M., pochvoved; ROZOV, M.M., pochvoved; ZATEMATSKAYA, M.P., gidrogeolog; KARPEKIMA, L.S., red.izd-va; SMIRHOVA, A.V., tekhn.red.

[Division of northern Kasakhsten into natural regions; Kustanay Province, North Kasakhstan Province, Kokohstav Province, Akmolinsk Province, and Pavlodar Province] Prirodnos raignirovanie Severnogo Kasakhstana; Kustanaiskaia, Severo-Kasakhstanskaia, Kokohstavskaia, Akmolinskaia i Pavlodarskaia oblasti. Moskva, 1960. 468 p.

(MIRA 13:7)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Sovet po izucheniyu proizvoditel'nykh sil.
2. Institut geografii AM SSSR (for Fedorevich). 3. AN Kazakhakoy
SSR; Sovet po izucheniyu proizvoditel'nykh sil (SOPS) AN Kazakhakoy
SSR (for Zykov). 4. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSH (for Lavrenko).
5. Pochvennyy institut im. V.V.Dokuchayeva AN SSSR (for Yerokhina,
Ivanova, Rozov). 6. Sovet po izucheniyu proizvoditel'nykh sil AN SSSR
(for Zatenatskaya).

(Kasakhstan--Physical geography)

The secretary in the strike and the second strike and the second strike a second secon

IVANOVA, Ye.N.; ROZOV, N.N.; YEROKHINA, A.A.; NOGINA, N.A.; NOSIN, V.A.; UFIMTSEVA, K.A.; Prinimali uchastiye: IVANOVA, Ke.N.; ROZOVYY, N.H.; BUDINA, L.P.; VISHNEVSKAYA, I.V.; GERASINOV; T.P.; KARAVAYEVA, N.E.; KOSHELEVA, I.T.; NAUMOV, Ye.M.; SEMINA, Ye.V.; SOKOLOV, I.A.; SOKOLOVA, T.A.; TARGUL'YAN, V.O.

New materials on general geography and soil classification of the polar and boreal belts of Siberia. Pochvovedenie no.11:7-23 11 (MIRA 14:12)

(Siberia, Northern--Soils--Classification)
(Siberia, Northern--Geography)

[1975] His d. 17 Fill State of Bell with State and Historian State of the Control of States of S

LIKHANOV, B.N.; KHAUSTOVA, M.N.; YEROKHINA. A.A.; MARKOV, F.G.; SPIZHARSKIY, T.N.; DODIN, A.L.; KHIL'TOVA, V.Ya.; CHEREPHIN, L.M.; CHOMOV, L.V., kand. geol.-mineral. nauk; SHCHERBACHEV, V.D.; SHUTYY, M.Ye.; NEM-CHINOV, V.S., akad., red.; HEKRASOV, N.N., red.; FUSTOVALOV, L.V., red.; ZUBKOV, A.I., kand. ekon. nauk, red.; KAVUN, T.K., red. izd-va; SUSHKO-VA, L.A., tekhn. red.

[Natural conditions of Krasnoyarsk Territory] Prirodnys usloviin Krasnoiarskogo kraia. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad. nauk 885R, 1961. 248 p. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Krasnovarskaya kompleksnaya ekspeditsiya. 2. Institut geografii AN SSSR (for Likhanov, Khaustova). 3. Pochvennyy institut im. V.V.Dokuchayeva AN SSSR (for Yerokhina). 4. Nauchmo-issladovatel'skiy institut geologii Arktiki Ministerstva geologii i okhrany nedr SSSR (for Markov). 5. Vessoyuznyy geologicheskiy institut Ministerstva geologii i okhrany nedr SSSR (for Spizharskiy, Dodin). 6. Laboratoriya geologii dokembriya AN SSSR (for Khil'tova). 7. Krasnovarskiy pedagogicheskiy institut Ministerstva prosveshcheniya RSFSR (for Cherepnin). 8. Sovet po izucheniyu proizvoditel'nykh sil pri Prezidiume AN SSSR (for Gramov, Likhanov, Knaustova, Yerokhina, Shcherbachev, Shutyy). 9. Chlan-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Nekrasov, Pustovalov)

(Krasnoyarsk Territory-Natural history)

OPD 1 5714	OUT T D . VUUN	THTMA A.A.		.1		
GERASIM	International the country.	Conference on Pochvovedenie	Soils in New no.4:29-44	Zeuland and Ap '63.	excursions (MIRA	in 16:5)
	1. Pochvennyy	institut imeni (Soil soi (New Zeal	i V.V.Dokucha lenceCongre landSoils)	/BVd. ises)		
		•	r ·			
			11			:
			. (*)			

GERASIMOV, I.P., akademik, glav. red.; SOKOLOV, A.V., red.; LETUNOV, P.A., red.; YEROKHINA, A.A., red.

AND IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO

[Fertility and melioration of soils in the U.S.S.R.; reports for the Eighth International Congress of Soil Scientists] Plodorodie i melioratsiia pochy SSSR; doklady k VIII Mezhdunarodnomu kongressu pochyovedov. Moskva, Izd-vo "Nauka," 1964. 233 p. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Vsesoyuznoye obshchestvo pochvovedov, 2. Prezident Vsesoyuznogo obshchestva pochvovedov (for Gerasimov).

GERASIMOV, I.P., akademik, otv. red.; ZONN, 3.V., prof., doktor sel'khoz. nauk, otv. red.; YEROKHIMA, A.A. rgd.

[Genesis, classification, and mapping of soils in the U.S.S.R.; reports at the 8th International Congress of Soil Scientists] Genezis, klassifikatsita i kartografita pochy SSR; doklady k VIII Meshdunarodnomu kongressu pochyovedov. Moskva, Nauka, 1964. 164 p.

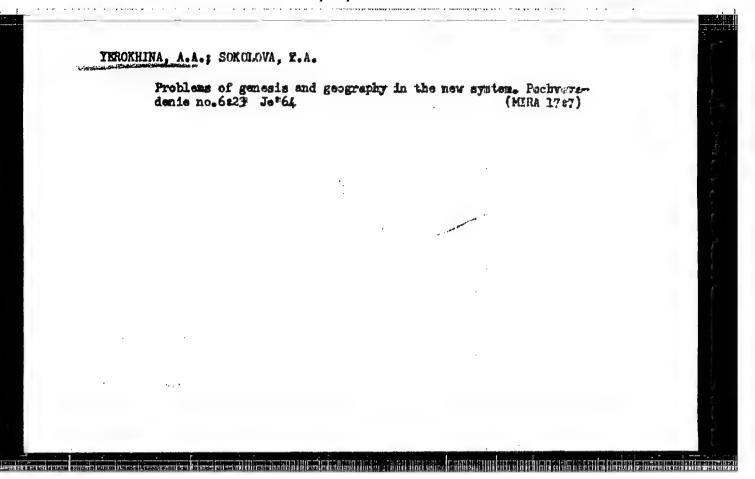
[MIRA 17:11]

1. Vsesoyuznoye obshchestvo pochyovedov.

GERASIMOV, I.P., akademik, glav. red.; RODE, A.A., red.; ANTIFOV-KARATAYEV, I.N., red.; KONONOVA, M.M., red.; MISHUSTIN, Ye.N., red.; GORBUNOV, N.I., red.; YEROKHINA, A.A., red.

[Physics, chemistry, biology and mineralogy of the soils of the U.S.S.R.; report at the Eighth International Congress of Soil Scientists] Fizika, khimiia, biologiia i mineralogiia pochv SSSR; doklady k VIII Mezhdunarodnomu kongressu pochvove ov. Moskva, Nauka, 1964. 393 p. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Vsesoyuznoye obshchestvo pochvovedov. 2. Prezident Vsesoyuznogo obshchestva pochvovedov(for Gerasimov). 3. Pochvennyy institut im. V.V.Dokuchayeva, Moskva (for Antipov-Karatayev, Gorbunov). 4. Institut mikrobiologii AN SSSR, Moskva (for Mishustin).



BELEVTSEV, G.A.; GAVRILENKO, N.G.; GRINENKO, I.M.; KOMGETIK, P.O.;

KOTEL'HIKOV, I.V.; KRASAVTSEV, H.I., kand. takhn. nauk;

MISHCHENKO, N.M.; POPOV, N.M., kand. takhn. nauk; SHESTOPALOV,

kand. takhn. nauk; TOTSKIY, G.P., kand. takhn. nauk; SHESTOPALOV,

kand. takhn. nauk; TOTSKIY, G.P., kand. takhn. nauk; SHESTOPALOV,

I.I.; Prinimali uchastiye: SOLDATKIN, A.I.; SOLOMKO, V.P.;

SOLOMATIN, A.M.; BOLOTSKIY, D.V.; ZAPOROZHETS, N.P.;

BESSCHASTNYY, A.V.; SHVETS, N.Kh.; LIKHUNIN, S.D.; SHUMSKIY, L.B.;

VAS'KOVICH, N.A.; YEROKHINA. A.I.; GELIUKH, B.A.

Desulfuration of pig iron in a fast-revolving and continuous drum. Met. i gornorud. prom. no.4:3-5 Jl-Ag 165. (MIRA 18:10)

# YEROKHINA, 1.G.; ZHARIKOVA, G.S. Rheography in facial pain syndromes. 301.med. 28 no.11:116-121 N 165. (MIRA 18:12) 1. Kafedra nervnykh bolszney (zav. - prof. N.K.Begolspov) II Moskovakogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I.Pirogova.

BOGOLEPOV, N.K.; YEROKHINA, L.G.

Pain hyperkinesies in trigeminal neuralgia. Zhur.nevr. i psikh. 66 nc.1:9-17 \*66. (MIRA 19:1)

1. Kafedra nervnykh bolezney (zaveduyushchiy - prof. N.K. Bogolepov) II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta im. Pirogova. Submitted September 18, 1965.

KANTKOUSFY: Yo.N.; DMITRIYENKO, C ".; FECHENNIKOVA, T.I. Prinimali uchamitye: YEROKHINA, I.N., Stirchiy inzh.

Structure of phenol-formaldehyde resins subjected to thermal (MIRA 27:10) treatment. Plastamassy no.10:13-16 \*64.

YEROKHINA, K.I.

AIKHASOV, D. G., ANDREYEV, D. S., GAL'PERIN, L. N., GRINDERG, A. P., GUSINSKIY, G. H.

IEMBERG, Y. Kh. and YEROKHINA, K. I.

FryAcal Technical Inst. Acad. Sci. USSR

"Coulomb Excitation of Muclei (teview lecture)

paper submitted at the A-U Conf. on Nuclear Reaction in Low and "edium Energy Physics, Noscow, 19-27 Nov 57.

YEROKHINA, K. I.

AU THORS:

Alkhazov, D. G., Andreyev, D. S., Yerokhina, K. I., Lemberg, I. Kh.

56-6-6/47

TITLE:

The Coulomb Excitation of Separated Tin Isotopes (Kulonovskoye vozbuzhdeniye razdelennykh izotopov

clova).

THAT IS THE MAN AS MEANING BEHAVED BELLEVILLE BETWEEN STATES AND ASSESSED BY AND ASSESSED BELLEVILLE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal Eksperimental'noy i Teoreticheskoy Fiziki, 1957,

Vol. 33, Nr 6, pp. 1347-1358 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

A 14,5 MeV a-beam coming from a cyclotron is focused by a system of quadrupol lenses in an aluminum tube and thus impinges upon a target, where Coulomb excitation takes

place. The p-quanta liberated on this occasion are measured in a well screened p-scintillation spectrometer.
Between the crystal and the target the following p-absorbers

are connected:

400 MCu; 1.3 mm Al; 100 M mica; 1 mm MgO; 50 M Pb

and 1.5 mm air.

The following measuring and computation results were

obtained:

Card 1/3

lomb Exc	itation	of Separated Ti	n Isotopes	56-6-6/47
isc	tope	∆E in MeV <sup>x</sup> )	$\frac{B(E2)}{e^2}$ .1048 in cm4	τ.10 <sup>13</sup> in sec.
Sn	12	1,26	0, 18	7,2
Sn	114	1,30	0,20	5,5
Sn	1,6	1,29	0,19	6,0
Sn	118	1,22	0,19	8,0
Sn	20	1,18	0,17	10,5
Sn <sup>1</sup>	22	1,15	0,15	13,5
Sn <sup>1</sup>	15	1,13 _xx)	0,14	15,9
Sn <sup>1</sup>		( 0,865 ( 1,03	(0,025 (0,09	-
Sn <sup>1</sup>	19	0,907	0,11	-

### CIA-RDP86-00513R001962830003-9 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

The Coulomb Excitation of Separated Tin Isotopes

56-6-6/47

THE FREE BUT STREET TO STREET A STREET STREE

z) Corresponds to the energy of the p-quantum which goes directly to the basic state.

xx)Between 0,75 up to 1,75 MeV no graquanta were found.

There are 7 figures, 1 table, and 19 references, 4 of

which are Slavic.

ASSOCIATION: Louingrad Physico-Technical Institute AN USSR

(Leningradskiy fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Akademii

nauk SSSR).

SUBMITTED: June 3, 1957 (initially) and October 5, 1957 (after

revision)

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 3/3

24(3)

AUTHORS: Alkhazov, D. G., Grinberg, A. P.,

SOV/56-35-4-46/52 Gusinskiy, G.M.,

og a stran om transministren utskrifting tiller gjage, skip sektor gjagefeld i 1886 (1986-1986) blegta fra 1886 (1986-1986) blegta fra 1886 (1986-1986)

Yerokhina, K. I., Lemberg, I. Kh.

TITLE:

The Coulomb Excitation of Aluminum (Kulonovskoye vozbuzhdeniye

alyuminiya)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal eksperimental noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1958,

Vol 35, Nr 4, pp 1055-1056 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The authors investigated the Coulomb (Kulon) excitation of Al27-nuclei by means of heavy ions which were accelerated in a cyclotron. The ions concerned were 15.9 MeV triplecharged nitrogen ions and triple-charged 18.1 MeV oxygen ions. The y-radiation occurring during the bombardment of the aluminum was investigated by means of a scintillation-\gamma-spectrometer with a NaJ(Tl crystal. The investigation method employed and calculation of the values B(E2) , i.e. of the reduced

probability of a quadrupole transition of a nucleus from the ground state to an excited state has already been described in earlier papers. A diagram shows the γ-radiation spectrum which was produced by a Coulomb excitation of aluminum by

Card 1/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001962830003-9"

oor orestudenderengestandenstad in dittas Escour (1991) inchett fi

The Coulomb Excitation of Aluminum

SOV/56-35-4-46/52

nitrogen ions. Two lines with E = 0.84 and with 1.01 MeV respectively are observed. The relative intensity of the 7-cascade transition 0.84 + 0.17 MeV amounts to not more than 4% of the direct transition to the ground level. An attempt to excite the two aforementioned Al27 levels by means of nitrogen ions (which were accelerated to 25 MeV) was without success because of the sharp increase of the γ-radiation background (which is due to nuclear reactions). The results obtained when using nitrogen- and oxygen-ions agree well with one another. The values of B(E2) for the levels with AE = 0.84 and 1.01 MeV amount to 0.0019 and 0.0031e<sup>2</sup>.10<sup>-48</sup>cm<sup>4</sup> respectively. The partial lives of the levels with  $\Delta E = 1.01$  MeV and  $\Delta E = 0.04$  MeV amount to 1.7.10<sup>-11</sup> sec and 3.7.10<sup>-11</sup> sec respectively. There are 1 figure and 6 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Akademii nauk SSSE (Leningrad Physico-Technical Institute of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

Card 2/3

sov/56-35-4-47/52 Gusinskiy, G. M., Alkhazov, D. G., Grinberg, A. P., 21(8) Yerokhina, K. I., Lemberg, I. Kh. The Lifetime of the First Excited Level of Mg 24 (Vrenya zhizni pervogo vozbuzhdennogo urovnya Mg 24) AUTHORS: TITLE: Zhurnal eksperimental noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1958, Vol 35, Nr 4, pp 1056-1058 (USSR) PERIODICAL: The investigation of the Coulomb (Kulon) excitation of the nuclear level makes it possible to calculate its life. For the transition of even-even nuclei from the ground state ABSTRACT: With spin 0 to the first excited level with spin 2 it holds  $1/\tau = 2.46 \cdot 10^{-3} (\triangle E)^{5} B(B2)^{1}$ Here  $\Delta E$  denotes the level energy in keV, and B(E2) the reduced probability of the aforementioned transition. Here e<sup>2</sup>.10<sup>-48</sup>cm<sup>4</sup> serves as a measuring unit of B(E2). In the present paper triple-charged nitrogen- and oxygen ions with energies of 15.9 and 18.1 MeV respectively, and also quadruplecharged nitrogen ions with 25.6 and 36 MeV are used. Investi-Card 1/2

the
The Lifetime of/ First Excited Level of Mg<sup>24</sup> SOV/56-35-4-47/52

gations are rendered difficult by a permanent parasitic line of 1.37 MeV (which is thus in agreement with the line under investigation). A diagram shows the spectrum obtained by the bombardment of natural magnesium with 15.9 MeV nitrogen ions. According to estimates made by the authors, the maximum error committed when deermining the area of the parasitic peak amounts to not more than  $\pm$  5% of the peak under investigation. The mean value of B(E2)†, which was determined by 6 different experiments, amounts to 0.054 e<sup>2</sup>.10<sup>-48</sup> cm<sup>4</sup>, from which it follows that  $\tau = (1.5 \pm 0.4).10^{-12}$  sec. In conclusion, a short report is given on results obtained by other authors. There are 1 figure and 3 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Akademii nauk SSSR

(Leningrad Physico-Technical Institute of the Academy of

Sciences USSR)

SUBMITTED: July 9, 1958

Card 2/2

sov/56-35-6-2/44

24(5) AUTHORS:

TITLE:

Alkhazov, D. G., Grinberg, A. P., Gusinskiy, G. M., Yerokhina, K.I., Lemberg, I. Kh.

Coulomb Excitation of High-Energy Nuclear Levels in Even Tungsten Isotopes (Kulonovskoye vozbuzhdeniye yadernykh urovney s bol'shoy

energiyey v chetnykh isotopskh vol'frama)

Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1958, Vol 35, PERIODICAL:

Nr 6, pp 1325-1334 (USSR)

In their introduction the authors deal in detail with investigations carried out in this field by other authors (Refs 1-3, 6-11). The ABSTRACT: suthors themselves already determined even-even nuclei with 15 Mev 4-particles and excited states with energies of up to 1.5 Mev (Refs 4,5). Peker (Ref 11) set up schemes of excited levels on the

basis of a generalized nuclear model for W184 and W186 according to data obtained from references 9 and 10. Herefrom it follows that the levels of  $W^{184}$  with  $\Delta E = 900$  kev and that of  $W^{186}$  with

 $\Delta E = 730$  kev are vibration levels (2<sup>+</sup>). In the present paper the authors used the following energies for their investigations for the excitation of &-particles: 8.3, 10.2, 13.1 and 14.5 Mev. The

particles were accelerated in a oyolotron. The target substance

Card 1/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001962830003-9"

sov/56-35-6-2/44

Coulomb Excitation of High-Energy Nuclear Levels in Even Tungsten Isotopes

consisted of natural tungsten and of samples (lead bases) which were enriched with w 182, w 184, and w 186. The results obtained by the investigations are shown by a number of diagrams and tables. The investigations are shown by a number of diagrams and tables. Figure 1 shows the reprectrum emitted by natural tungsten at Coulomb rigure 1 shows the reprectrum emitted by natural tungsten at Coulomb rigure 1 shows the reprectrum emitted by natural tungsten at Coulomb rigure 1 shows the results of the curves correspond to last high-energy lines. The extrema of the curves correspond to the following lines: 511, 610, 730, 900, 1120, and 1220 kev. The line  $\Delta E = 790$  kev does not occur here, but the respectrum for line  $\Delta E = 790$  kev does not occur here, but the respectrum for w 184 (Ea = 13.1 MeV) shows weak but distinct maxima for  $\Delta E = 790$  and 900 keV; figure 4 shows the same for w 186 (Ea = 14.5 MeV) and 900 keV; figure 4 shows the same for w 186 (Ea = 14.5 MeV) and 900 keV; figure 4 shows the same for w 186 (Ea = 14.5 MeV) and 900 keV; figure 4 shows the same for w 186 (Ea = 14.5 MeV) and 900 keV; figure 4 shows the same for w 186 (Ea = 14.5 MeV) and 900 keV; figure 4 shows the same for w 186 (Ea = 14.5 MeV) and 900 keV; figure 4 shows the same for w 186 (Ea = 14.5 MeV) and 900 keV; figure 4 shows the same for w 186 (Ea = 14.5 MeV) and 900 keV; figure 511 keV (intensive line), 610 and 750 (weak lines). The existence 511 keV (intensive line), 610 and 750 (weak lines) the existence 511 keV (intensive line), 610 and 750 (weak lines). The existence 511 keV (intensive line), 610 and 750 (weak lines) the existence 511 keV (intensive line), 610 and 750 (weak lines). The existence 511 keV (intensive line), 610 and 750 (weak lines) the existence 511 keV (intensive line), 610 and 750 (weak lines) the existence 511 keV (intensive line), 610 and 750 (weak lines) the existence 511 keV (intensive line), 610 and 750 (weak lines) the existence for existence 511 keV (intensive line), 610 and 750 (weak lines) the existence fo

Card 2/3

SOV/56-35-6-2/44

Coulomb Excitation of High-Energy Muclear Levels in Even Rungsten Isotopes

L. K. Peker, and L. A. Sliv for discussing results. - There are 5 figures, 2 tables, and 15 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

Laningradskiy fiziko-tekhnicheskiy imstitut Akademii nauk SSSR ASSOCIATION:

(Leningrad Physico-Technical Institute of the Academy of Sciences,

May 26, 1958 SUBMITTED:

Card 3/3

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962830003-9" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

tion and a state of the control of the state of the state

1/L	TITA) Meneratored	20	comp cock place in y j. 1950. It man y San further by solutions orable Bargaballo Describe Bargaballo Ter Bargaballo	ing puties. med nuclear in our statement of included to the in	ing variables and inc Fotteridal Telela in Fotteridal Telela tirretional Pieres on of the method of the	Concerning home Particulars Concerning home Particulars 138 - Afficial as Tablation 138 to spin of 1/21 V.3. In the level and the contents of the level and	105 - 15 mm; on the place of th	of odd medical Vic. darly at twentheridal printingers, Talifolisav, tanifor the Talifolisav,	well as m task of BT "are 1128 - As used ) as measure- 114.8353) as inverted (gives a As a substantial of the control of th	the breakfacture of a said the	'M'Bundo ; q cyrranges, and Christefit's en the Com- Coreltted and of the n meeleur.	() + 14 mm	there was head of the total
e V.	Varshalovich, D.		Ty 27 27 27 70 28 70 and 4	pain locitive to prolice concern locitive dealt with prolice concern and p-dearty - Fraints. Inserted loceties 3.439 balence to concern balence, 7351, spend to conferra- by: The dearth of the conferra- en light much: pd Gnerilled man an light much: bd Gnerilled man an light much: bd Cnerilled man	Markensky, or al. on levels is Mer- linesisted or al. Octobers O. M. Coulas T. M. Lesburg (LTT) on hering found at MC Mer is Gr. In and Mr multi- sis Property of Actor of Mr and Mr multi- at MC Mer is Gr. In and Mr multi- al MC Mer is Gr. In and Mr multi- al MC Mer is Gr. In and Mr Multi- al MC Mer is Gr. In and Mr articles, Wiles and Mr Mr articles and Mr Mr Mr articles and Mr Mr Mr Mr articles and Mr	Caples (Enles) accientes to the content of the cont	and the potability of correspond and mediate by Lacethiy (M' Lactuone of the bird. L. Than (Co. existence of the bird. L. Than (Co. existence of light model. The bird of the correspond of the bird.	piligo: G.w.Recthows. E.A.ruless on alpha decay on rotalismal levels bushar (arrive): Arrulament C. Bushar (arrulament C.) Bushar (arru	man 195 med (Ale O. 10 to	(METALLER OF PARTICLE) on (METALLER) on the section of the section	the internity of the despressive managed in the formal district of the probability of the graph described for the putation of the probability of the graph described by a		
L'NGON	AMERICA:	STATE:	PRICOIGAL: ABSTRACT:	, .	* : : :				·				•

807/48-23-2-11/20

21(7) AUTHORS: Alkhazov, D. G., Grinberg, A. P., Yerokhina, K. I., Lemberg, I.Kh.

TITLE:

Coulomb Excitation of Nuclear Levels in Spherical Even-even Nuolei (Kulonovskoye vozbuzhdeniye yadernykh urovney v sferi-

cheskikh chetno-chetnykh yadrakh)

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Seriya fizicheskaya, 1959, Vol 23, Nr 2, pp 223-224 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The present paper contains results obtained in the investigation of Coulomb excitation of the first level of Si, Ti, Cr; Fe, Ni and Zr isctopes. The targets enriched with such isotopes were bombarded with triple- and quadruple-charged nitrogen ions which had been accelerated to 15.9-35 New in the cyclotron. The experimental procedure was given in a previous paper (Refs 1, 2). The authors calculated the stopping power dE/dex of the investigated elements for H by recalculating the range-energy ourves for a particles according to Longchamp (Ref 5). The stopping power was also determined from the range-energy curve for N ions in Ni according to data on investigation of stopping power in Hi. The measurement results are listed in a table which also contains the probability of transitions and the life-time T of the excited states as determined by the method of Coulomb excitation. In paper (Bef 8)

Card 1/2

SOV/48-23-2-11/20 Coulomb Excitation of Nuclear Levels in Spherical Even-even Nuclei

energation adding remainfully estimated in the fact of the early seems.

the authors assumed a systematic increase of value r determined by Coulomb method with respect to the values r determined by resonance scattering. This assumption does not agree with the results obtained here. There are # table and 9 references, 3 of which are Soviet.

Card 2/2

 P 1 T 1995年,其中1995年,是对12月1日,2015年1月1日,18月1日至19月1日(1915年),1月1日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日 76965 sov/56-37-6-5/55 24.6500,24.6600, Alkhazov, D. G., Grinberg, A. P., Gusinskiy, G. M., Erokhina, K. I., Lemberg, I. Kh. 24.6700,16.8100 Coulomb Excitation of Odd A-Nuclei by Heavy Ions AUTHORS: Zhurnal eksperimental noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1959, Vol 37, Nr 6, pp 1530-1542 (USSR) TITLE: High-lying levels in some light nuclei (A127, Sc45, PERIODICAL: nighty reverse in some transfer of background could not  $v^{51}$ ,  $v^{593}$ , which because of background could not previously be observed when protons or  $u^{-particles}$  previously be observed when protons or  $v^{-particles}$  were used, have now been excited by using "heavy" tons were ions as bombarding particles. The "heavy" tons were  $v^{14}$ ;  $v^{14}$ ABSTRACT: N14; 3+ N14; 4+ 016; 3+ Ne 20; 4+ Ne at energy levels from 16 to 36 mev. The formed during the bombardment at energy levels from 16 to 36 mev. The y-radiation formed during the bombardment of the target with ions was registered with the aid of a scintillation spectrometer (cf. D. G. Alkhazov, D. S. Andreev, K. I. Erokhina, I. Kh. Lemberg, Zhur. eksp. 1 teoret. fiz., 33, 1347, 1958). The calibration of the card 1/5

Coulomb Excitation of Odd A-Nuclei by Heavy Ions 76965 SOV/56-37-6-5/55

spectrograph was done according to the  $\gamma$ -lines of Hg<sup>203</sup> (279.5 keV), Cs<sup>137</sup>(661 keV), Zn<sup>65</sup>(1,120 keV), and Co<sup>60</sup>(1,170 and 1,332 keV). The reduced probability of the excitation was calculated with the aid of the following equation:

 $E(E2)\hat{j} = 0.555 \cdot 10^{-10} \frac{Z_{L}^{2} S_{L} (1 + \alpha_{\tau}) M Z_{\tau}^{2} dE / d\varphi x}{z_{L}^{2} \omega A_{\tau} \mu n} \left\{ \sum_{ij}^{E_{max}} (E - \Delta E) f_{2}(\xi) dE \right\}^{-1}. (1)$ 

(where  $Z_1$  is the ion charge in the beam outside the cyclotron;  $C_1$  is the total coefficient of internal conversion;  $S_1$  is the number of  $\gamma$  -quanta registered at the peak of the total energy; M is the molecular weight of the substance comprising the target;  $Z_2$  is the nuclear charge of the atom under investigation (i.e., in the target);  $dE/d\rho x$  are the specific losses of the ion energy in the target (in mev/(mg/ $\rho$ cm<sup>2</sup>));  $\eta$  is the relative content of a given isotope

Card 2/5

Coulomb Excitation of Odd A-Nuclei by Heavy Ions 76965 SOV/56-37-6-5/55

in the element under investigation;  $\mathcal{E}_{\Gamma}$  is the ratio of the number of  $\gamma$ -quanta registered at the peak of the total energy to the total number of  $\gamma$ -quanta falling on NaI(T1) crystal;  $\omega$  is the relative solid angle; A is the portion of  $\gamma$ -quanta passing through the target and absorbed by the medium between the target and the crystal (0.3 mm Cu, 1.3 mm Al, 1 mm MgO, 0.05 mm Pb, and 0.05 mm mica);  $\mu$  is the reduced mass; n is the number of atoms of the element under investigation in the target; E is the collision energy;  $\Delta$ E is the energy of the excited level;  $f_2(\xi)$  is function of coulomb excitation;  $\xi$  is parameter that is defined by the relation

$$\xi = 0.1575 \ z_1 z_2 \sqrt{\mu} (1/\sqrt{E - \Delta E} - 1/\sqrt{E});$$

and  $\mathbf{Z}_1$  is the nuclear charge of the bombarding particle). The analysis showed that some of the  $\gamma$  -lines observed

Card 3/5

Coulomb Excitation of Odd A-Nuclei by Heavy Ions 76965 SOV/56-37-6-5/55

in previous investigations, in which chromium was irradiated with protons or **a**-particles, are not due to coulomb excitation of the corresponding levels in chromium. It was shown that lines associated with nuclear levels owing to the **a**-excitation (Rb<sup>3</sup>, Sn<sup>119</sup>) are actually emitted as a result of coulomb excitation. The partial lifetimes **(E2)** of the excited levels were determined to lie between the excited levels were determined to lie between 10<sup>-7</sup> and 10<sup>-12</sup> sec. A. B. Girshin made contributions in the course of this work. There is 1 table; 6 graphs; and 31 references, 8 Soviet, 1 Dutch, 1 Swiss, 2 French, 19 U.S. The 5 most recent U.S. references are: F. K. MCGowan, P. H. Stelson. Phys. Rev., 109, 901, 1958; E. Almqvist, D. A. Bromley, H. E. Gove, A. S. Litherland, Bull. Amer. Phys. Soc., 2, 178, (D7), 1957; C. P. Swann, W. C. Porter, J. Frankl. Inst., 261, 371, 1956. M. A. Rothman, D. M. Van Patter, V. S. Dubey, W. C. Porter, C. E. Mandeville. Phys. Rev., 107, 1551, 1957; R. M. Sinclair. Phys. Rev., 107, 1306, 1957.

Card 4/5

Coulomb Excitation of Odd A-Nuclei by Heavy Ions 76965

SOV/56-37-6-5/55

ASSOCIATION:

Leningrad Phys.-Tech. Inst. Acad. Sciences USSR

(Leningradskiy fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut, Akademii

nauk SSSR)

SUBMITTED:

July 2, 1959

Card 5/5

S/04B/60/024/012/005/011 B019/B056

AUTHORS: Andreyev, D. S., Yerokhina, K. I., and Lemberg, I. Kh.

TITLE: Cascade Excitation of the Second Rotational Levels in

Separated Tungsten Isotopes

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Seriya fizicheskaya, 1960,

Vol. 24, No. 12, pp. 1470-1473

TEXT: The present paper was read at the 10th All-Union Conference on Nuclear Spectroscopy, which was held in Moscow from January 19 to January 27, 1960. By means of Coulomb excitation it was hitherto possible to excite even-even nuclei to the first rotational level. The excitation to the second rotational level was not possible. Protons and & -particles were used for excitation. In the introduction, the authors discuss several results obtained by earlier papers. The experiments described here were carried out by means of quadruply-charged New Jons having an energy of 27.8 Mev, and by means of quadruply-charged New Jons with an energy of Mev. Four metallic tungsten targets were investigated, of which the

Card 1/2

Cascade Excitation of the Second Rotational Levels in Separated Tungsten Isotopes

8/048/60/024/012/005/011 B019/B056

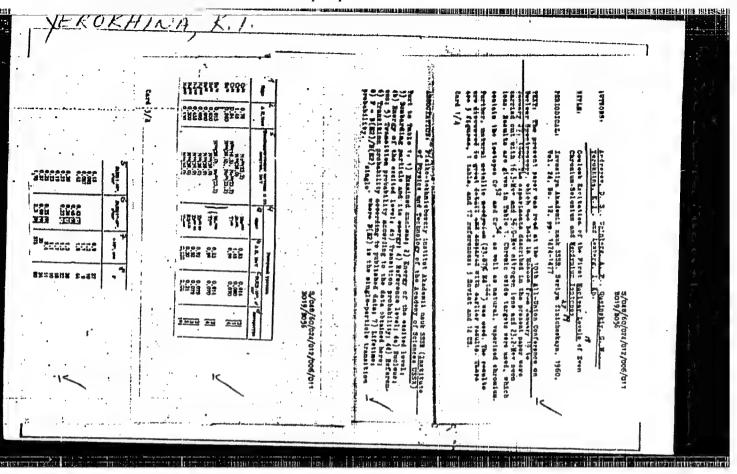
O DEDITION DE PROPRE DE PROPRE DE PROPRETATION DE LA COMPANS DE PROPRETATION DE LA COMPANSION DE LA COMP

first consisted of 87.6% w<sup>182</sup>, the second of 90.1% w<sup>183</sup>, the third of 91.3% w<sup>184</sup>, and the fourth of 96% w<sup>185</sup>. The N-spectrum, which was emitted during the bombardment of the targets with heavy ions, was investigated by the author by means of a scintillation N-spectrometer. The photomalizer, which had been developed by LETI. From the experimental results represented in diagrams and a detailed discussion, the authors became convinced that the N-lines with the energies of 230 keV, 250 keV and Coulomb excitation of states with the energies of 330, 360 and 400 keV in 182, w<sup>184</sup> and w<sup>186</sup>. Similar results obtained by Newton et al. (Ref. 6) 2 French, and 2 US.

ASSOCIATION: Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Physics and Technology of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

Card 2/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001962830003-9



5/048/60/024/012/007/011 B019/B056

AUTHORS: Andreyev, D. S., Yerokhina, K. I., and Lemberg, I. Kh.

TITLE: The Coulomb Excitation of the Ne21 Nucleus

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Seriya firicheskaya, 1960, Vol. 24, No. 12, pp. 1478-1479

TEXT: The present paper was read at the 10th All-Union Conference on Nuclear Spectroscopy, which was held in Moscow from January 19 to January 27, 1960. Report is given in the present paper on the results obtained by experiments, in which the first level of Ne<sup>21</sup> was excited. In the y-emission of graphite, aluminum, and molybdenum targets was studied during their bombardment with Ne<sup>21</sup> ions, whose energy was 24.2 Mev. In all cases a y-line with 0.35 Mev was found. The authors arrive at the conclusion that these lines, which are known already from previous papers, are not the result of a nuclear reaction but of a Coulomb excitation of Ne<sup>21</sup>. From publications it is known that the quantum characteristics for the Ne<sup>21</sup> ground state are 3/2<sup>+</sup>, and for the first excited state 3/2<sup>+</sup> or 5/2<sup>+</sup>. Thus, Card 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001962830003-9"

was a statem a regular de la companya da la company

The Coulomb Excitation of the Ne21 Nucleus

S/048/60/024/012/007/011 B019/B056

the authors obtained 0.025·10<sup>-48</sup>e<sup>2</sup>cm<sup>4</sup> or 0.017·10<sup>-48</sup>e<sup>2</sup>cm<sup>4</sup> for the probability B(E2) of a transition from the ground state to the first excited state. For the partial lifetime of the first excited state one thus obtains 6.3·10<sup>-10</sup> sec or 9.2·10<sup>-10</sup> sec. The authors thank A.B.Girshin for the faultless operation of the cyclotron. There are 1 figure and 8 references: 3 Soviet, 4 US, and 1 Danish.

ASSOCIATION: Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Akademii nauk BSSR (Institute of Physics and Technology of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

Card 2/2

され、ドビスが記憶に同じは経過には公司は日本政府は国際政府で国際政府で下流対象等(国家大流学)が開催された日本政治の大学日本教育の大学日本教育日本教育日本教育日本教育日本教育日本教育日本教育の大学の大学の大学の大学の大学

81786

8/032/60/026/07/15/055 B015/B068

5.5230

AUTHORS:

, the time 🤃

Yerokhina, K. I., Lemberg, I. Kh., Makasheva, I. Ye.,

Mallov, I. A., Obukhov, A. P.

TITLE:

Determination of Microimpurities in Silicon From the

y-Spectra of Their Radioactive Isotopes 14

PERIODICAL: Zavodskaya laboratoriya, 1960, Vol. 26, No. 7, pp. 821-827

TEXT: A method of radioactivation analysis is described, with f-radiation of the impurities in silicon applied in the production of semiconductors being studied. The sample is activated in the neutron flux of

a reactor. Work was performed in a flux of thermal neutrons with 9.10 12

neutrons om -2 · sec -1. As the sample in the reactor is exposed to the action of fast neutrons in addition to slow ones, these nuclear transformations have also to be considered (Table 1). Since the major part of

isotopes formed from Si is short-lived, only 7-radiation of Si<sup>31</sup> must be considered in measurements. From the remaining neutron-activated elements,

Card 1/2

Determination of Microimpurities in Silicon From S/032/60/026/07/15/055 the 7-Spectra of Their Radioactive Isotopes B015/B068

about 50 isotopes with measurable y-radiation form. In the present case, 17 elements (Table 2) were simultaneously determined with a scintillationgamma-spectrometer (with an 63)-C (FEU-S)Aphotoelectron multiplier) provided with a HaI (T1) crystal. The unit was calibrated against known 7-spectral lines. The results obtained by analysis of two silicon samples are given in Table 3. Maximum sensitivity is (Table 4) 10<sup>-11</sup> g for Au, 10<sup>-10</sup> g for Ni, Mn, Cu, As, and Sb, and 5·10<sup>-6</sup> g for Sn. There are 2 figures, 4 tables, and 6 references: 2 Soviet, 5 American, and 1 British.

ASSOCIATION: Fisiko-tekhnicheskiy institut Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Physics and Technology of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

Card 2/2

8/048/61/025/001/013/031 B029/B060

24.6520 (1138, 1895, 1160)

Andreyev, D. S., Grinberg, A. P., Yerokhina, K. I., AUTHORS:

Lemberg, I. Kh.

TITLE:

Coulomb excitation of the nuclear levels of  $P^{31}$ ,  $S^{33}$ ,  $Mn^{55}$ ,

and Pr 141 by means of Ne 20 ions

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Seriya fizicheskaya, v. 25,

no. 1, 1961, 70-76

TEXT: The measurements were made by means of a scintillation spectrometer with a NaI-Tl crystal (40 mm in diameter, 40 mm in height) and by means of a photomultiplier of the type \$37-11 (FEU-11). The electronics consisted of a pre-amplifier, a cathode follower, an overchargeable amplifier and an AMA-2 (AMA-2) 63-channel pulse height analyzer connected in parallel and an AM 100-1 (AI 100-1) 100-channel pulse height analyzer. Method of measurement, apparatus, and course of the calculation of the reduced transition probability B(E2) have already been

Card 1/7

89247

B/048/61/025/001/013/031 B029/B060

Coulomb excitation of the nuclear levels...

described in three previous papers (Refs. 1-3). In the case of nitrogen ions the errors are below 15%, but they may attain from 20 to 25% for neon ions. The following was observed when measuring the energy of beam particles by means of deflection in a magnetic field; after deflection, the beam is split into several components corresponding to different charges of the accelerated ions. The change of the ions falling into the beam catcher causes the change of the ratio current strength / number of beam particles in the beam, which means that it influences the accuracy of beam particles in the beam, which means that it influences the accuracy of calculation of the Coulomb excitation cross section. In the experiments concerned, the bombarding particles were quadruple-charged Ne2O ions with energies of 23.2 and 27.8 Mev. The amperage of the ion beam measured on the target was ~1.10-8a. The measurement results are given in the attached Table. Ro = 1.2·10-13A1/3 cm was set. Figs. 1,2, 3,4 show the instrumental y-spectra taken with Ne2O ions. The following notes are added concerning the individual elements: P3! The Coulomb excitation of the level with  $\Delta E = 1.26$  Mev. The target was pressed from a red phosphorus powder. The spectrum contains a gamma line with

Card 2/7

69247 5/048/61/025/001/013/031 8029/3060

Coulomb excitation of the nuclear levels ...

E = 1.63 MeV arising by Coulomb excitation of the level with ΔE = 1.63 MeV in Nc20. The value of B(E2)↑ for the 1.26-MeV level of P<sup>31</sup> amounted to 0.011:10-48 e<sup>2</sup> cm<sup>4</sup>. The spins of the two states of P<sup>31</sup> are known:

I<sub>0</sub> = 1/2<sup>†</sup> I<sub>f</sub> = 3/2<sup>†</sup>. S<sup>32</sup>: In the work under consideration, S<sup>33</sup> was excited by quadruple-charged Ne<sup>20</sup> ions with an energy of 23.2 MeV. The gamma spectrum found contains a line with the energy 0.83±0.01 MeV. Mn<sup>55</sup>: The Mn<sup>55</sup> was likewise excited by quadruple-charged Ne<sup>20</sup> ions with 23.2 The Mn<sup>55</sup> was likewise excited by quadruple-charged Ne<sup>20</sup> ions with 23.2 MeV. This spectrum fortains gamma lines with energies of 0.85 and 0.98 MeV. Pr<sup>141</sup>: Fig. 4 Hows the spectrum of gamma rays resulting on the impadiation of prassodymium oxide with quadruple-charged Ne<sup>20</sup> ions impadiation of prassodymium oxide with ΔE = 0.142 MeV amounts to (1.8 MeV). The lifetime of the state with ΔE = 0.142 MeV amounts to include the state with ΔE = 0.142 MeV amounts to difference on Nucleur Spectroscopy, which took place in Moscow from the state of the state of the state in Moscow from the state of the state of the state of the state in Moscow from the state of the state of

Card 3/7

S/048/61/025/001/015/031 B029/B060

Coulomb excitation of the nuclear levels...

ASSOCIATION: Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Physics and Technology, Academy of Sciences USSR)

Ядро	ΔE, MeV	ΔE*, <b>H</b> •V	#(#2) † ** ×10°, cm*	4(52), cen	1, cix	T°, OCF	F
Saa bar	$1.25 \pm 0.02$ 0.83 = 0.01	1,264 [5] 0,844±0,006 [6] 0,839±0,005 [7]	0.011 0,0019	4,8·10 <sup>-18</sup> 5,2·10 <sup>-11</sup>	20,2.10	-	9,1 1,0
Mnss Priss	$0.03 \pm 0.01$ $0.142 \pm 0.003$	0.983 [8]	0,012 0,0036	(5+13)-10-15 4,3-10-7	=	2·10·* [10,11]	4,0+5

Card 4/7

89:247

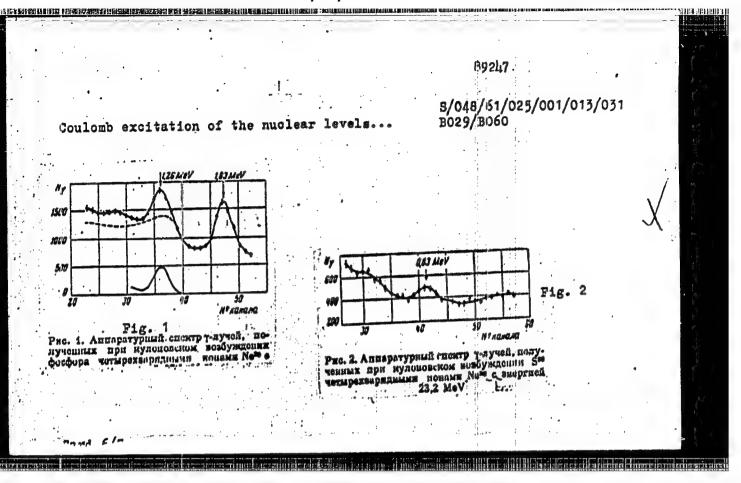
Coulomb excitation of the nuclear levels ..

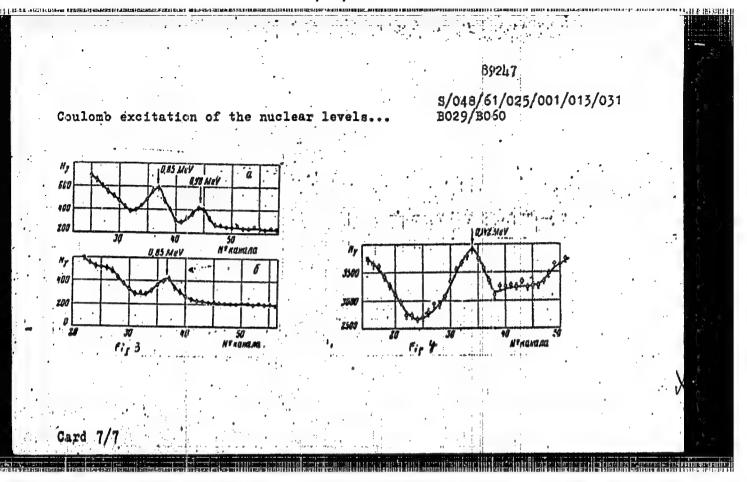
<mark>5/048</mark>/61/025/001/013/031 **B029/**B060

Legend to the Table:  $\Delta E$ , level energy measured in the experiments,  $\Delta E^*$  level energy according to results from other papers,  $B(\mathbb{Z}^2)^{\gamma}$ , reduced probability of the electric quadrupole excitation of the level,  $\tau(E^2)$ , partial lifetime of the level relative to the electric quadrupole transition of the nucleus into the ground state,  $\tau$ , total lifetime of the level,  $\tau^*$ , lifetime of the level according to data from other papers, F, ratio between value of  $B(E^2)^{\gamma}$  measured in the experiments and value  $B(E^2)$  single particle calculated on the basis of the single-particle approximation.

Legend to the Figures: Instrumental γ-spectra, obtained in the case of Coulomb excitation with quadruple-charged Ne<sup>2O</sup> ions of phosphorus at 27.8 Mev (Fig. 1), of S<sup>33</sup> at 23.2 Mev (Fig. 2); of Mn at 23.2 Mev (Fig. 3)-a without, b with lead filter, 1.25 mm thick; of Pr at 27.8 Mev (Fig. 4).

Card 5/7





MARAMETRICA DI LI CONTROLO: SUM MATICON COMO REGIONO DE COLOS DE COLOS DESADOS DE LOS ESTADOS DE LOS ESTADOS D

\*\*

**26439** \$/048/61/025/007/001/005 B108/B209

24.6300

AUTHORS: Adreyev, D. S., Vasil'yev, V. D., Gusinskiy, G. M.,

Yerokhina, K. I., and Lemberg, I. Kh.

TITLE: Study of the Coulomb excitation of nuclear levels with the

aid of accelerated multiply charged ions

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fizicheskaya, v. 25,

no. 7, 1961, 832 - 847

TEXT: This paper was read at the XI Annual Conference on Nuclear Spectroscopy in Riga, January 25 - February 2, 1961. The purpose of the studies was to improve the results of earlier work (Ref. 1: Andreyev, D.S. et al., Nucl. Phys., 19, 400 (1960); Ref. 2: Alkhazov, D. G., et al., Zh. eksperim. i teor. fiz., 37, 1530 (1959)) by the method of reference levels (Ref. 1) which consists in measuring the excitation dross section of a reference level before and after measuring the excitation cross section of the level to be investigated. The following nuclear levels were used as reference levels: 0.44 Mev of Na<sup>23</sup> (B(E2)† = 0.11 · 10-48 e<sup>2</sup>cm<sup>4</sup>) for studying Li and B; 1.19 Mev of Ni<sup>62</sup> (B(E2)† = 0.085 · 10<sup>-48</sup> e<sup>2</sup>cm<sup>4</sup>) for Card 1/6

26439 \$/048/61/025/007/001/005 B108/B209

Study of the Coulomb ...

studying Co; 0.76 Mev of Se<sup>76</sup> (B(E2)  $\uparrow$  = 0.42 • 10<sup>-48</sup> e<sup>2</sup> cm<sup>4</sup>) for studying Mg. Ca, and Se: 1.15 Mev of  $\operatorname{Sn}^{122}(B(E2)) = 0.26 \cdot 10^{-48} \, \mathrm{e}^2 \, \mathrm{cm}^4)$  for studying In, Sb, and Ce; 1.60 Mev of Ce<sup>140</sup> ( $\tau = 1.1 \cdot 10^{-15}$  sec) for studying the even Sn isotopes and Ba 138, 0.16 Mev of Ti 47 (B(E2)) =  $0.040 \cdot 10^{-48} e^2 cm^4$ ) for studying  $Sn^{117}$ . The excitation probability, B(E2)1, was determined with an error of 15 - 20%. Tables 1 and 2 contain the results of measurements. In all these studies, the authors made use of the broadening of the energy band of multiply charged ions accelerated in the cyclotron at the FTI (Institute of Physics and Mechnology). Ne ions having 16 - 18 Mev were used for studying the nuclear levels of light elements such as Li and B, and were also successfully applied to exciting higher levels in light and medium elements (Mg<sup>25</sup>, Mg<sup>26</sup>, Ca<sup>44</sup>, Co<sup>59</sup>, In<sup>115</sup>, and Sb). 52.5-Mev ions of N were able to excite the levels with energies of 1.4 - 1.6 Mev of heavier nuclei (Ba $^{138}$  and Ce $^{140}$ ). The nuclear levels of even-even isotopes were chiefly examined to complete the data on even-even nuclei and to compare results (Ref. 16: Kisslinger, Card 2/6

26439, S/046/61/025/007/001/005 B108/B209

Study of the Coulomb ...

L. S., Sorensen, R. A., Dansk. Mat.-Fys. Medd., 32, No. 9 (1960)) (of. Table 3). There are 16 figures, 3 tables, and 42 references: 7 Soviet-bloc and 31 non-Soviet-bloc.

Table 1. Coulomb excitation of levels (spin 2+) in even-even nuclei.

Legend: (1) Isotope, (2) level energy, Hev, (3) excitation probability, (4) level lifetime,  $10^{-13}$  sec, (5) ratio of B(E2)7 to the same quantity as estimated for a one-particle model (the nuclear radius in the calculations was assumed to be  $R_0 = 1.2 \cdot 10^{-13} \, A^{1/3} \, \text{cm}$ ).

Table 2. Coulomb excitation of levels in nuclei with odd  ${\tt A}$  and in odd-odd  ${\tt B}^{10}$  nuclei.

Legend: (1), (2), (3) see Table 1, (6) nuclear spin in ground state, (7) nuclear spin in excited state, (8) partial lifetime of the level relatively to the electric quadrupole transition, sec.

Legend to Table 3: (1) Nucleus, (2) calculated value of B(E2) as taken from Ref. 16, (3) experimental value of B(E2).

Card 3/6

**APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001** 

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962830003-9"

s/048/62/026/002/006/032 B101/B102

AUTHORS:

Yerokhina, K. I., and Lemberg, I. Kh. Coulomb excitation of nuclear levels of copper, germanium,

TITLE

molybdenum, and palladium isotopes

PERIODICAL:

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fizicheskaya, v. 26,

TEXT: The Coulomb excitation of Cu<sup>63</sup>, Cu<sup>65</sup>, Ge<sup>70</sup>, Ge<sup>72</sup>, Mo<sup>94</sup>, Mo<sup>96</sup>, Mo<sup>98</sup>, Mo 100, Pd 104, Pd 106, Pd 108, and Pd 110 was studied by means of quadruply-charged 36-Mev nitrogen ions. The energy of incident particles was 97% of the charged 36-Mev nitrogen ions. charged 36-Mev nitrogen ions. The energy of incident partitions was 31 % of the barrier energy for Cu, 98 % for Ge, 78 % for Mo, and 74 % for Pd. And 2 A reference levels were those of Se<sup>78</sup> ( $\Delta E = 0.615$  MeV, B(E2)) = 0.36·10  $^{48}$  2 cm<sup>4</sup> and Ni  $^{60}$  ( $\Delta$ E = 1.33 MeV, B(E2) $^{\dagger}$  = 0.11.10  $^{-48}$  e  $^{2}$  cm  $^{4}$ . With Cu  $^{3}$ , the 0.67-, 0.96-, 1.33-, and 0.37-MeV gamma lines were observed. The first three lines correspond to Coulomb excitation of the first three levels and to the transitions to the ground state. The 0.37-Mey line corresponds to the the transition from the 1.33-Mev level over the 0.96-Mev level to the ground

Card 1/4

Coulomb excitation of nuclear levels ...

5/048/62/026/002/006/032 B101/B102

state. With Cu 65, the 0.78-, 1.11-, and 1.48-Mev lines were produced by Coulomb excitation of the first three levels. In addition, lines corresponding to ~320- and 370-kev gamma quanta were emitted as a result of successive transitions from the 1.48-Mev level over the 1.11-Mev level, and from there over the 0.77-Mev level. In examining Coulomb excitation of Ge, both native Ge and Ge enriched in Ge<sup>76</sup> up to 76 % were used as targets. The Coulomb excitation of even isotopes of Mo and Pd was examined for the first time. The results are collected in the following table:

-	ΔE, Mev	B(E2)† -10 <sup>48</sup>	τ(E2), sec;	T, sec	δ2	K	$\frac{B(E2)^{\uparrow}}{e^2} \cdot 10^{48}$	1
Cu 63 Cu 63 Cu 63 Cu 65 Cu 65	0.67 0.96 1.33 0.78	0.053 <sub>.</sub> 0.010	2.3·10 <sup>-11</sup> 3.8·10 <sup>-12</sup> 7.0·10 <sup>-13</sup> 1.4·10 <sup>-11</sup> 2.5·10 <sup>-12</sup>	6.4.10-13	0.013 0.23 0.017	<0.007 0.10	0.026 0.025 0.027 0.020 0.019	

des lousseure d'informatique de la light de la finite din de la company de la company de la company de la comp

		1 1		8/046 B101/	/62/026/ 8102	002/006/032	
ulomb excit	ation of nu	clear levels		δ2	ĸ	B(E2)T . 1040	
ΔE, Mev	B(E2)f . 1046	τ(E2), sec;	τ, 800	8-		e <sup>2</sup> cm <sup>4</sup>	
45	e-om4	6.6.10-13	5.8.10-13		0.13	0.017	
65 1.48	0.034	1	•				
70 1.02	0.18 0.21						
e <sup>72</sup> 0.84	0.30						
e <sup>74</sup> 0.59	0.28	1					
e <sup>76</sup> 0.56	0.23	1					
1094 0.87 1096 0.78	0.24						
10 <sup>96</sup> 0.78	0.26	1			•		1
100 0.53	0.63	1					2
Pd 104 0.56	0.61				12		
Pd 106 0.51	0.61						
Pd <sup>108</sup> 0.43	0.82						
Pd <sup>110</sup> 0.37	0.78	1					

S/048/62/026/002/006/032 Coulomb excitation of nuclear levels... B101/B102

There are 5 figures, 3 tables, and 17 references: 1 Soviet and 16 non-Soviet. The four most recent references to English-language publications read as follows: Cumming, J. B., Popile, N. T., Phys. Rev., 122, 1267 (1961); Cumming, J. B., Schwarzschild, A., Sunyar, A. W., Portile, N. T., Phys. Rev., 120, 2128 (1960); Jambunathan, R., Gunye, M. R., Sarat, B., Phys. Rev., 120, 1839 (1960); Booth, E. C., Bull. Amer. Phys. Soc., 5, 239 (1960).

ASSOCIATION: Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut im. A. P. Ioffe Akademii nauk SSSR (Physicotechnical Institute imeni A. P. Ioffe of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

Card 4/4

P0033

8/048/62/026/008/004/028 B163/B104

AUTHORS:

Vasil'yev, V. D., Yerokhina, K. I., and Lemberg, I. Kh.

TITLE:

Investigation of Coulomb excitation of levels in the nuclei  $Pe^{57}$ ,  $Ge^{73}$ ,  $Rh^{105}$ ,  $Pd^{105}$ ,  $In^{113}$ ,  $In^{115}$ , and  $Sn^{115}$ 

PERIODICAL:

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fizicheskaya, v. 26, no. 8, 1962, 992 - 997

TEXT: The nuclei listed in the title were bombarded by  $N^{14;4+}$  ions with energies of 30 Mev in the case of Fe<sup>57</sup>, 36 Mev in that of Ge<sup>73</sup> and 42 Mev in all others. A number of nuclear levels not yet studied by Coulomb excitation were found and their reduced upward transition probabilities B(E2), parities, spin limits and partial life times T(E2) were determined. The error of the T(E2) values is of the order of 20 to 30%. The results are given in the table. There are 6 figures and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION:

Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut im. A. F. Ioffe Akademii nauk | SSSR (Physicotechnical Institute imeni A. F. Ioffe of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

G-1/8

OR ESCAPER ENERGY COMES CHEST COSTS OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL CONT 1100911 8/048/62/026/008/005/028 B163/B104 Vasil'yev, V. D., Gangrakiy, Yu. P., Yerokhina, K. I., and 10 AUTHORS: Investigation of the Coulomb excitation of the second level. Lemberg, I. Kh. TITLE: 21+ of Pd 104 Seriya fizicheskaya, Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. TEXT: Experimental investigation of the second level 2, of the Pd 104 no. 8, 1962, 997 - 999 PERIODICAL: nucleus at 1.34 Mev by bombardment with N 14;4+ions with an energy of 42 Mev.

The y-background is so low, and the first-state energy 0.56 Mev so much different from that of the cascade quanta (0.78 Mev), that a direct measurement of the y-spectra can be evaluated. The reduced transition probability ment of the y-spectra can be evaluated. B(E2) 0 -2° was calculated from the theoretical expression by Alder et al. (Rev. Mod. Phys., 28, 432, (1956)) for the cascade excitation cross section to be 0.015.10-48 e2 cm4. This value coincides with the theoretical Card 1/2

Investigation of the Coulomb ... B

S/048/62/026/008/005/028 B163/B104

estimation according to Weisskopf (one-particle model). The lifetime calculated from  $B(E2)_{0\rightarrow 2}$ , is  $5.8\cdot 10^{-12}$  sec. The error is about 35%. There is defigure.

ASSOCIATION: Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut im. A. F. Ioffe Akademii nauk SSSR (Physicotechnical Institute imeni A. P. Ioffe of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

Card 2/2

24,6300

8/048/62/026/008/006/028 B163/B104

AUTHORS:

Vasil'yev, V. D., Yerokhina, K. I., and Lemberg, I. Kh.

TITLE:

Lifetime of the first level of Ti<sup>50</sup>

PERIODICAL: A

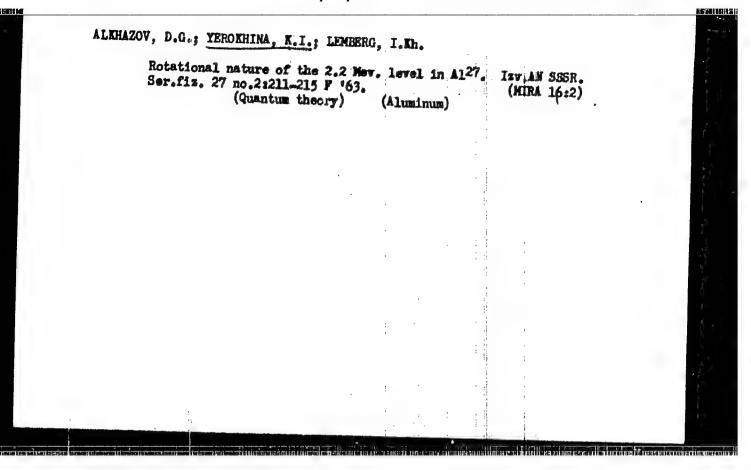
Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fizicheskaya, v. 26, no. 8, 1962, 999 - 1001

TEXT: An isotopically enriched target with 58% Ti<sup>50</sup> was Coulomb-excited with 30 Mev N<sup>14;3+</sup> ions. For the level at 1.58 Mev the reduced upward transition probability B (E2) was determined as 0.040 s<sup>2</sup>·10<sup>-48</sup> cm<sup>4</sup> and the lifetime of this state as 1.03·10<sup>-12</sup> sec. For a correct evaluation of the area below the 1.58 Mev peak, it was compared with the areas of the 1.19 Mev peak of Ni<sup>62</sup> and of the 0.615 Mev peak of Se<sup>78</sup>. The results are compared with those for Ti<sup>46</sup> and Ti<sup>48</sup> (Andreyev et al., Nucl. Phys., 19, 400 (1960)). With increasing number of neutrons the excitation energy increases from 0.89 to 1.50, and B(E2) decreases from 0.083 to 0.040. There are 2 figures and 1 table.

The energies of the first ...

5/014/63 (127/102/001/023 8104/3181

agreement is worse in the case of Zn, Zr, No and Pt. The theoretical results reflect general tendencies observed experimentally, particularly the increasing  $\Omega_{2t}$  on approaching the cutside of the shell with the



ALKHAZOV, D.G.; YEROKHINA, K.I.; LEMEERG, I.Kh.

Coulomb excitation of levels in odd nuclei C 135 (173.

Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. fiz. 27 no.11:1363-1376 N \*63.

(MIRA 16:11)

"Investigations of Coulomb-Excitations of Nuclei of Odd-A with the Help of Ions of Nitrogen with Energies from 35 to 52 MeV."

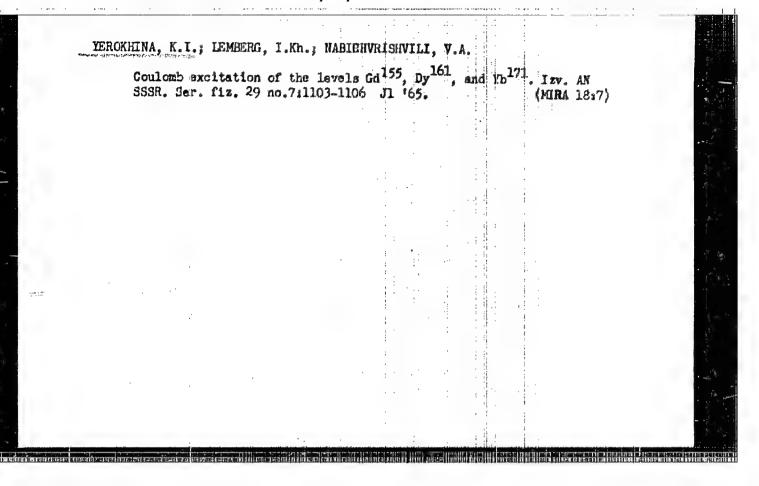
report submitted for All-Union Conf on Nuclear Spectroscopy, Tbilisi, 14-22
Feb 64.

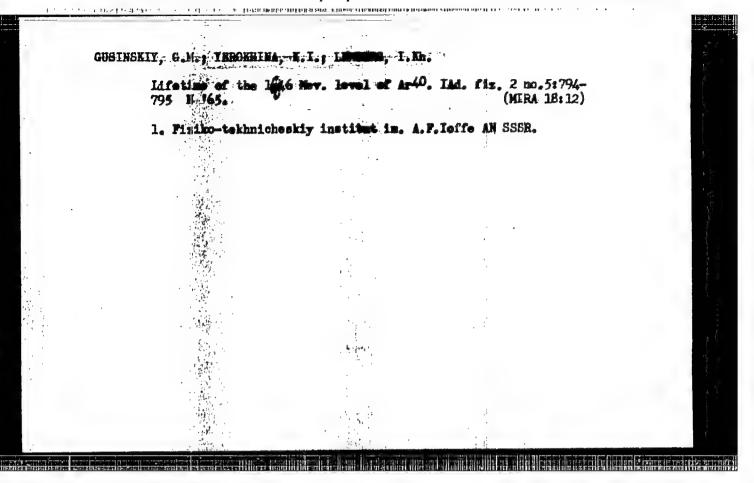
FTI (Physico Technical Inst)

ALKHAZOV, D.G.; YEROKHINA, K.I.; LEMBERG, I.Kh.

Schemes of levels in La<sup>139</sup> and Pr<sup>141</sup>. Izv. AN SSSR Ser. fiz. 29
no.1:139-143 Ja '65.

(MIRA 18:2)





JD/JG L 25742-66 ENT(m) DILAP UR/dol/8/65/029/007/1103/1106 SOURCE CODE: ACC NR: AP6016391 34 AUTHOR: Yerokhina, K. I.; Lemberg, I. Kh.; Nabichvrishvili, B ORG: none TITLE: Coulomb excitation of the levels of Gd sup 155, Dy sup 161, and Yb sup 171 SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fizicheskaya, v. 29, nd. 7, 1955, 1103-1106 TOPIC TAGS: ytterbium, dysprosium, gadolinium, coincidence counting, inelastic scattering, Coulomb excitation This article is a further analysis of remulta from an ABSTRACT: corporiment in which the coincidences of Y-quanta with inslanti-

1 table. [JPRS]
SUB CODE: 20 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 005
Cord 1/1

L 26683-66 EWI(m) DIAAP JD/JH
ACC: NR. AP6016037 UBOURDE COULT IN /0367/03/002/005/0794/0795
AUTHOR: Gustnskiy, G. M Gusinski, G. M., Yerokhina K.I Erokhina, K.I.; Lenhorgel, Eh
ORG: Physicotechalosi Institute im. A. F. Ioffe, AN SSSN (Fighthe-tekhnicheskly
TITLE: Lifetime of the 1.46 mev level of Ar sup 40
SOURCE: Yadernaya fizika, v. 2, no. 5, 1965, 794-795
TOPIC TAGS: argon, electron transition, Coulomb excitation, aluminum, even even
ABSTRACT: The probability of the electric quadruple transition of B(E2) from the ground state of Ar 0 to the first excited level has been determined by inventigating the Castamb and the contraction of th

		"APP	KOVED	FOR RELEA	ASE: 03/2	20/2001	CIA-R	DP86-00	513KUU19	62830003-9
	· 11 =	1406	I VA	1-TA R	1 9 SKILDER	Wrige Sri	i. hadt 1.	-Liture-b	al L formal	d. /JPRS/   MACHINE
				SUBM DATE:			e e lastitudes			
	Card	1/1	BLG	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						2
1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	ac rees	4 2 2 1 1 3 6 1								
Carried Carried			The species of the sp					The control		

The second secon		F is
YEIROK HINA KIN.	'n	. 6
Sor/99	2	1)
SOV 199 10/26 or Speatron. 57 or yadarny spektronkry11) ri, pp 76-/3 (DUE) held from Jamary 26 to than 10 pertalgants hears control deals with the Control deals with the Control deals with the Control deals with astrik [LET): Control of Deals with [LET]: Control of Deals		,
SOF 199-:1976  Cold (mm)  John 197  Soft (mm)  John 197  Soft (mm)  John 197  John 1		
co. 57  and and a control of the con		5
SOV /99.  The property of the		
The state of the s		0
scenae on Runlent Speatnont.gy sureshchandys po yadentry spektronicy logy, vol 7: Er i, pp 75-[9 (EMER) LEAF kry, when than 90 participas and imparture or mind deals with the service of the the service of the service of the the		
are an Thulan she had a state of the state o	i	
reshchandys on Thui seshchandys in Lieuranus wa. Lieuranus	‡	
conference on Municar Spectry and a correshedating by yeddenty files, 1923, Wol 7; Er 4, pp 76 tion Conference was held from 799 at Raw Park West than 30 tra mes in the 1921, Wol 7; Er 411, pp 76 than 30 tra mes in the 1921 to 192	•	
angly, 1959, and Conference are the conference are		
All-Main Conference on Runlear Specimon-cy Tessaquanque soveshchandue por yadamury spekirosk-pil) manya esseglys, 1953, Wol 7, Er i, pp 76-19 (EDEE)  IX All-Thina Conference was held from Jonanary 26 to reasy as a marker, kere than 100 swellights in living it is the state of the same in the sa	1	
Makhor, T. P.  In all-Unian Carforence on Physics Spottwon-cy (In Teasupuancy soreschahantys po yadentry spektront fountry a surging, 1923, Vol 7, Hr 1, pp 76-19 (EME)  The IX All-Unian Carforence was held from January 26 february 21 1925 at Raw Fave, the shall of posterish produced for the control of the		
1 : ** 8 6	8	t t
Comment of the commen	1	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		112112

YERDKHINA, L.A.

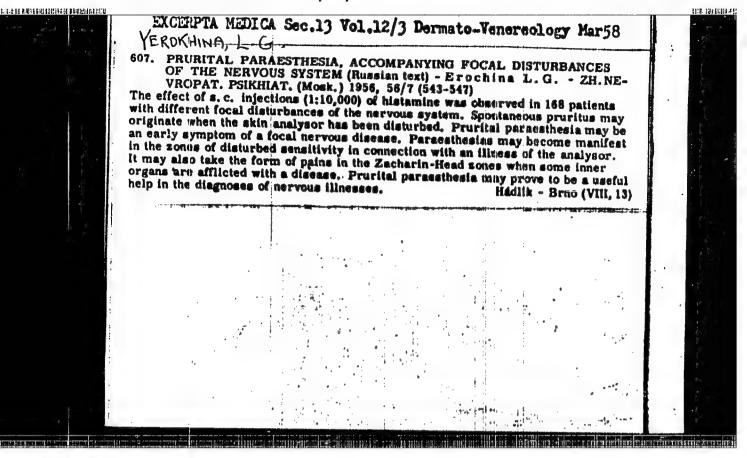
KHARIAMOVA, K.S.; TEROKHINA, L.A.; LAVOCHKIN, N.P., redaktor; DUNINA,
A.M., redaktor; DININA,
A.M., redaktor; DUNINA,
A.M., redaktor;

YEROKHINA, L. G.

"Itching Sensation During Organic Afflictions of the Mervous System." Cand Med Sci, Second Moscow Med Inst, Moscow, 1953. (RZuBiol No 6, 54)

Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (11)

SO: Sum. No. 521, 2 Jun 55



YERCKHUNG, L.G., kand.med.nauk (Moskve)

Diagnosis of pterygopalatine neurolgia, Elin.med. 35 np.9:98-100
8 '57. (MIRA 10:11)

1. Is bliniki nervnykh bolemny (dir. - prof. I.E.Filimonov) II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(PALATE, dis.

pterygopalatine neurolgia, diag.)
(EURALOIA, diag.

pterygopalatine, neurolgia)

TEROKHINA, L.G., kand.med.nauk

Tching sensations in organic affections of the nervous system.

Vrach.delo no.10:1043-1045 0 !58 (MIRA 11:11)

1. Klinika nervnykh bolesney Vtorogo moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta (nauchnyy rukovoditel' deystv. chlen AMN SSSR, prof. A.M. Grinshteyn).

(MERVOUS SYSTEM...DISHASES)

(PROTITUS)

YEROKHINA, L.G., kand.med.nauk., OGURTSOVA, A.S., dots., MOGILMYCHIK, N.P. (Hoskva)

Neurological syndrome in disorders of blood circulation in the sorts. Klinimed. 36 no.9:30-35 8'58 (MIRA 11:10)

1. Is kliniki nervnykh bolezney (dir. -chlen-korrespondent AMH SSSR prof. I.N. Filimonov) II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta, nervnogo otdeleniya Gorodskoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy imeni N.I. Pirogova (glavnyy vrach - zaslushennyy vrach RSFSR L.D. Chernyshev). (ACRTA, dis.

causing neurol. synd. (Rus))
(MERVOUS SYSTEM, dis.
caused by sortic dis. (Rus))

BOGOLEPOV, N.K. (Moskva, Kutusovskiy prospekt, d.10, kv.100); BUSALOV; A.A.; YEROKHINA, L.G.; SUVOROVA, T.A.

Pathogenesis of achalasia of the cordia (preliminary report on seme changes in the nervous system). Grud. khir. 2 no.6183-91 N-D 160. (MIRA 14:1)

l. Is kliniki nervnykh bilesney i kliniki fakulitetskoy khirurgii II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I.Pirogova. (STOMACH—DISEASES) (MENVOUS SESTEM)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001962830003-9"

haidu nemira anim an selliyodo mu ilmaan eelilah kanasi diya eerib a dahaa eelisi eelisi eelis selika selika b

BOGGLEPOV, Wikolay Kirillovich, prof.; RASTYOROVA, Anna Andrianovna, dotsent; TERCHIMA, L.G., red.; SERCHILO, K.K., tekhn.red.

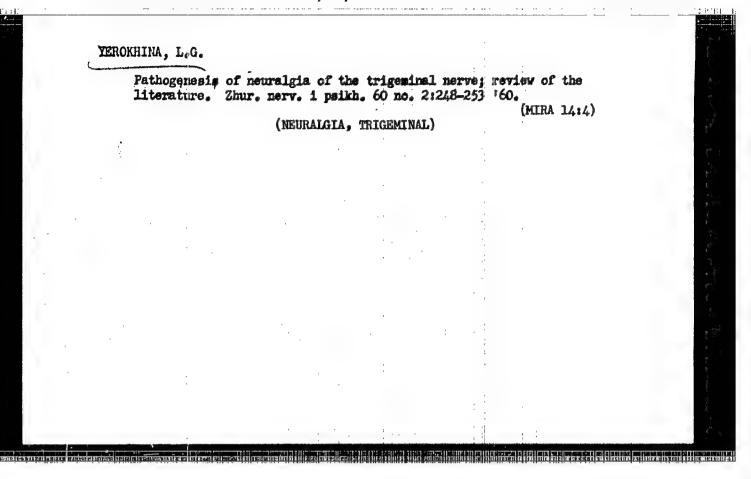
[Vascular diseases of the brain and their prevention]

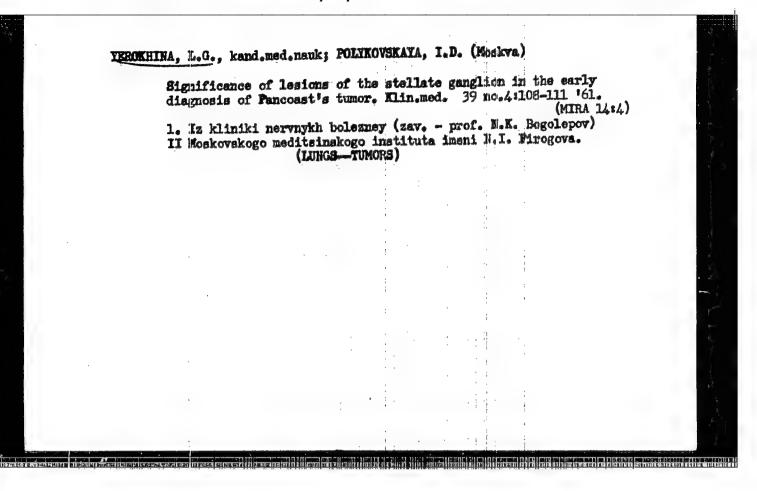
Somidistys savolevantia golovnogo monga i ikh profilaktika.

Ind.2., dop. i perer. Monkva, Gos.ind-vo med.lit-ry Medgin,

1960. 98 p. (HIRA 1424)

(ERAIM—DISMASSES)





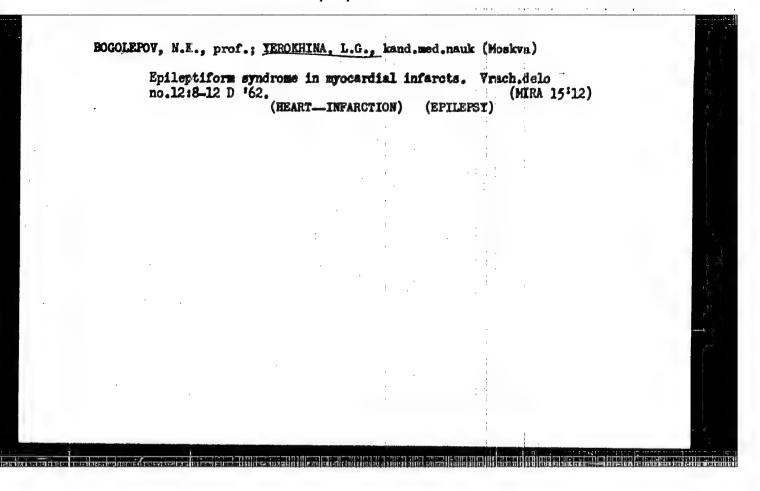
YEROKHINA, L.G.; SAVCHENKO, M.S.

Diadynamic currents in the diagnosis and treatment of facial pain syndromes. Zhur. nevr. 1 psikh. 61 no.12:1813-1818 
(MIRA 15:7)

1. Klinika nervných belesney II Meskovskego meditsinskego instituta imeni E.I. Pirogova (sav. kafedroy - prof. W.K. Bogólepov) i kafedra fizioterapii II Moskovskego meditsinskego instituta imeni Pirogova (zav. - kafedroy - prof. Ye.I. Pasynkov). (ELECTRODIAGNOSIS) (ELECTROTHERAPEUTICS) (MEURALGIA, FAGIAL)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001962830003-9"

alera sara, sa recensara a recensar alla recensar de managamenta d



YEROKHINA, Ligar KOMAROV, B.D. (Moskva G-48, Komsomol'skiy prospekt, d.36, kv.107)

Neurologic complications in plastic surgery on hortid co-arctation. Grud.khir. 4 no.6133-37 N-D\*\*

1. Is kliniki nervnykh bolsaney (sav. - prof. N.K.Nogolepov) i kliniki fakultetskoy khirurgii (sav. - aksilomik A.N. Bakulev) II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(AORTA SURGERY—COMPLICATIONS AND SEQUELAE)

YEROKHIMA, L.G., dotsent; MAIKOVA, Ye.V., ordinator (Moskva)

Postherpetic trigeminal neuralgia. Klin. med. 41 no.9245-49
S'63

(MIRA 1723)

1. In kliniki nervnykh bolezney ( zav. = prof. N.K. Bogolepov)
II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

## Pathogenic, clinical and prognostic significance of trigger zones in typical neuralgia of the trigeminal nerve. Zhur. nevr. 1 paikh. 64 no.11:1648-1652 164. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Kafadra nervnykh bolezney (zavednyushchty - prof. N.K. Bogolepov) II 'oskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta im. N.I. Pirogova.

YEROKHINA, I.G.; Almazova, I.G.

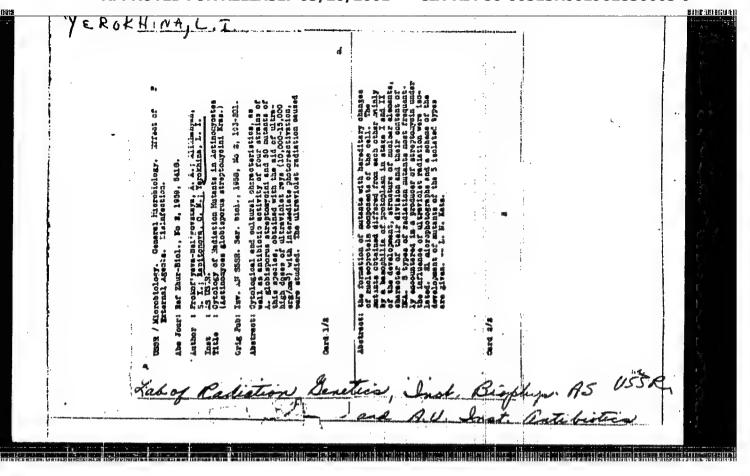
Treatment of cosinophilic granulomas of the cranial vault. 207. med.
(MIRA 18:10)

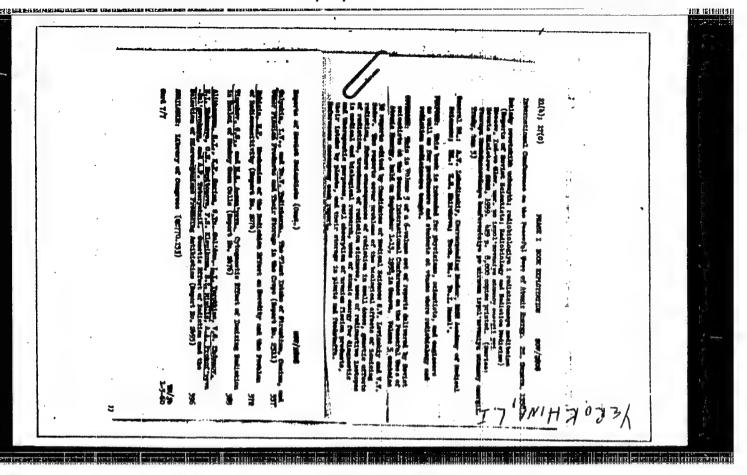
1. Kafedra nervnykh bolezney (zav. - prof. N.K.Begolapov) II Moskov-skogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I.Pirogova.

IEZUSALIMSKIY, W.D.; AHISIMOYA, S.A.; EROKHINA, L.I.

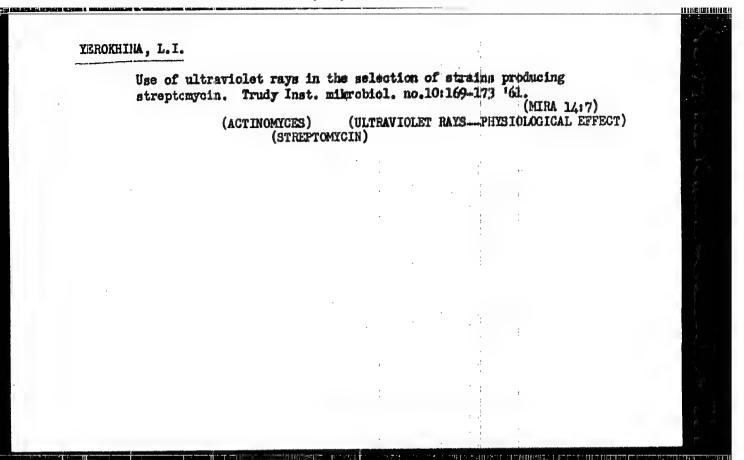
Full-valued synthetic medium for acetone-ethanol bacteria. Trudy
Inst. Mikrobiol., Akad. Menk S.S.S.R. Mo.2, 114-20 '52, (MLRA 5:12)
(CA 47 no.15:7591 '53)

1. Moscow State Univ.





## Utilization of photoreactivation in the ultraviolet method of breeding organisms producing antibiotics. Antibiotiki, 4 no.2:14-18 Mr-Ap '59 (MTMA 12:7) 1. Vassoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut antibiotikov. (STREPTONIUS) use of phtoreactivity in ultraviolet selection of organisms producing antibiotics (Ger)) (ACTHOMICUS) same) (ULTRAVIOLET RAES) same)



# YEROKHINA, L.I.; ALIKHANYAN, S.I. Use of visible light in studying the kinetics of mutagenesis. Radiobiologiia 1 no.5:792-795 '61. (MIRA 14:11) 1. Institut atomnoy energii inseni I.V.Kurchatova AN SSSR, Moskva. (ULTRAVIOLET LIGHT.—PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT) (VARIATION (BIOLOGY))

## PROKOF'YEVA-EEL'GOVSKAYA, A.A.; MIKHAKLOVA, G.R.; YEROKHINA, L.I. Cytological study of the effect of ultraviolet rays and photoreactivation of the spores of Actinomyces olivaceus. Izv. AN SSSR Ser. biol. 26 no.1:93-100 Ja-1 '61. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Institute of Biological Physics, Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R., All-Union Research Institute of Antibiotics.

(ACTINOMYCES) (ULTRAVIOLET RAYS—PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

## YEROKHINA, L. I.

Dissertation defended at the Institute of Microbiology for the academic degree of Candidate of Biological Sciences:

"Variability of Actinomycetes -- Streptomycin Producers -- Induced by Vitraviolet Rays."

Veistnik Akad Nauk, No. 4, 1963, pp. 119-145

YEROKHINA, L. I.; ALIKHANNAN, S. I.

"The production of mitants of actinomyces rimosus, synthetizing substances different from oxytetracycline."

report submitted for Antibiotics Cong, Prague, 15-19 Jun 64.

Inst Atomic Energy im I. V. Kurchatov, Moscow.

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001962830003-9 HES UP SECRETARISH VIN DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR

YEROKHINA, L.I.; IL'INA, T.S.; KAMENEVA, S.V.; KRYLOV, V.N.;
LOMOVSKAYA, N.D.; MINDLIN, S.Z.; NIKIFOROV, V.N.; SOKOLOVA,
Ye.V.; SUKHODOLETS, I.V.: ZAKHAROV, I.A.; INGE-VECHTOMOV,
S.G.; KVITKO, K.V.; KRIVISSKIY, A.S.; KARASEVICH, Yu.F.;
ENGEL'GARDT, V.A., akademik, glav. red.; ALIKHANYAN, S.I.,
prof., red.; IL'INA, T.S., red.

[Genetics and variation of micro-organisms] Genetika i selektsiis mikro-organizmov. Moskva, Nauka, 1964. 304 p.
(MINA 1719)

1. Institut atomroy snergii imoni I.V.Kurchatova (for Yerokhina, Il'ina, Kameneva, Krylov, Lomovskaya, Mindiin, Nikiforov, Sokolova, Sukhodolets). 2. Kafedra genetiki Leningradskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta (for Zakharov, Inge-Vechtomov, Kvitko). 3. Institut radiatsionnoy i fiziko-khimicheskoy biologii (for Krivisski;). 4. Institut mikrobiologii AN SSSR (for Karasavich).

